

**Bank zadań – marzec**  
**termin zwrotu 31 marca**

1. Uzupełnij dialogi

- 1) A: Jane, \_\_\_ last night?  
B: About three hours. I turned the TV off just after „You Can Dance” finished.
- 2) A: Hello, \_\_\_ ?  
B: I am afraid not. Sarah’s gone to her painting class. Please call her again in the evening.
- 3) A: Peter, \_\_\_ ?  
B: To school? Usually by bus. It’s more convenient than the tram.
- 4) A: Excuse me, \_\_\_ this blouse?  
B: It’s 40 pounds, but they are on sale today for 25 pounds.
- 5) A: I forgot my watch. \_\_\_ it?  
B: It’s twenty to eight. We’ve got enough time to get to school.
- 6) A: \_\_\_ some butter cookies? I’ve just made them myself.  
B: Thank you, I’ll try the chocolate ones.
- 7) A: I love playing chess. I’m one of the best players in the city.  
B: Well, \_\_\_, then. We’ll see who’s the best.
- 8) A: Jane, \_\_\_ this mobile?  
B: Three months ago.
- 9) A: Tom, \_\_\_ in London?  
B: For a week. I came here last Friday.
- 10) A: \_\_\_ yesterday?  
B: It rained, and it was very cold.

2. Uzupełnij zdania właściwą formą czasownika w nawiasie

- 1) We \_\_\_ (visit) Stockholm last weekend. We \_\_\_ (be) there a few times before that, but we still \_\_\_ (enjoy) the visit very much.
- 2) Pete \_\_\_ (become) interested in history last year. Since then, he \_\_\_ (read) a lot of historical books.
- 3) Usually I \_\_\_ (not go) to bed so late at night, but tonight I \_\_\_ (watch) my favourite TV series.
- 4) John \_\_\_ (begin) collecting stickers two years ago. He \_\_\_ (already / collect) about 1.000 stickers.
- 5) My computer \_\_\_ (break) yesterday while I \_\_\_ (do) my homework. It’s quite old, so we \_\_\_ (buy) a new one soon.

3. Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach na język angielski – użyj nie więcej niż 4 słów

- 1) When I got to the station, Mark \_\_\_\_ (czekał na mnie) on the platform. I was very happy to see him.
- 2) \_\_\_\_ (Czy on chodzi) this school? No, he's only come here to take his younger sister home.
- 3) We'd planned to visit the Science Museum last weekend, but unfortunately, we \_\_\_\_ (nie mieliśmy dość) time.
- 4) Do you think that \_\_\_\_ (ludzie kiedykolwiek będą żyć) on other planets?
- 5) We only bought this video camera yesterday and we \_\_\_\_ (nie używaliśmy jej) yet.
- 6) I think that next Sunday \_\_\_\_ (pojadę na ryby) with my dad.
- 7) I am a little afraid of the flight because \_\_\_\_ (nie podróżowałem) by plane before.
- 8) John is in the garage. \_\_\_\_ (On reperuje) his car there now.
- 9) The man fell while he \_\_\_\_ (przechodził przez ulicę) yesterday.
- 10) Lucy \_\_\_\_ (zapomniała) to take her camera on the trip.

4. Uzupełnij drugie zdanie tak, aby jego sens był jak najbliższy zdaniu wyjściowemu – użyj podanego słowa, ale nie zmieniaj jego formy

- 1) Jack is a very good volleyball player. VERY  
Jack \_\_\_\_ well.
- 2) The last time we had a maths test was two months ago. FOR  
We \_\_\_\_ two months.
- 3) There was a lot of noise in the street. They couldn't sleep. SOMEONE  
They couldn't sleep because \_\_\_\_ a lot of noise in the street.
- 4) We still don't have any food for the party. BOUGHT  
We \_\_\_\_ for the party yet.
- 5) Jane hasn't visited her aunt in Canada for two years. VISITED  
Jane last \_\_\_\_ ago.
- 6) The teacher came into the classroom and saw all students at their desks. SITTING  
When the teacher came into the classroom, \_\_\_\_ at their desks.
- 7) Tom is doing the second exercise now. HAS  
Tom \_\_\_\_ so far.
- 8) It is too rainy to go to the beach today. GOING  
We are \_\_\_\_ to the beach today because it is too rainy.

5. Wstaw a/an, the lub – (zero article)

- 1) They went on \_\_\_\_ trip to \_\_\_\_ Africa last year. They took \_\_\_\_ fantastic photos of \_\_\_\_ landscape and \_\_\_\_ wild animals.

- 2) \_\_\_ weather was terrible yesterday. It was \_\_\_ very cold day, with \_\_\_ heavy rains and \_\_\_ strong winds.
  - 3) There's \_\_\_ small lake outside \_\_\_ town where I live. \_\_\_ residents of \_\_\_ town like walking and cycling around \_\_\_ lake.
  - 4) In general, I like \_\_\_ animals. \_\_\_ only kind I can't stand are \_\_\_ snakes. I'd never keep \_\_\_ pet snake at \_\_\_ home!
6. Uzupełnij opis ilustracji. W każdą lukę wpisz jeden wyraz tak, aby powstał spójny i logiczny tekst, zgodny z ilustracją



The woman in the photo is obviously \_\_\_\_ . She must have a \_\_\_\_ - that is why she is touching her forehead. She has her \_\_\_\_ closed and she has some medicine in her \_\_\_\_ . I think she might have the flu.

7. Uzupełnij zdania podanymi słowami: letter, alphabet, vowels, pronounce, word, sentence
- 1) „I am” is the shortest \_\_\_\_ in the English language.
  - 2) The longest English word spelt without repeating any \_\_\_\_ is „uncopyrightable”.
  - 3) There are nine different ways to \_\_\_\_ „ough” in English.
  - 4) „Pronunciation” is the \_\_\_\_ which is most mispronounced in English!
  - 5) More English words words begin with the letter „s” than any other letter of the \_\_\_\_.
  - 6) „Queueing” is the only word with five \_\_\_\_ in a row.